Caring for yourself and your baby at home

- <u>Hygiene</u>: sitz bath at least once daily, adding two tbsp table salt to a
 tub full of warm water. Soak for 20 minutes or longer.
 - Keep your bottom clean and dry, changing peri pads frequently. No douches or tampons \times 6 weeks.
 - Report heavy bleeding (ie changing your pad hourly), swelling, increased pain or foul smelling discharge to your family doctor immediately.
- <u>Diet:</u> follow a well balanced diet for you. Follow Canada's Food Guide.
 Drink at least one 8 ounce glass of liquid (water, milk, juice) each time you breast feed your baby.
 - If bottle feeding cut your own fluids back to a minimum, until your breast milk is completely dried up.
- <u>Elimination</u>: keep your bowels regular, adding fruit and fibre (cereal, bran muffins) to your diet, will help.
 - Report problems with constipation to your doctor. Continue with the stool softeners until you have your first bowel movement.
 - Report any problems with urination to your doctor i.e. burning with urinating, or frequent small amounts.
 - <u>Rest:</u> sleep when your baby sleeps, taking a nap daily to replenish yourself from the night time feedings.
- <u>Baby Care:</u> Feed your baby 8 12 times in a 24 hour period. This is usually every 2-3 hours.
 - You should see at least one good wet diaper for each day of baby's age up to day 6. i.e.: 3 days of age = 3 wet diapers in 24 hours
 - 5 days of age = 5 wet diapers in 24 hours
 - 6 days of age = 6 wet diapers in 24 hours
 - 7 days of age and on = 6 wet diapers/24hours

Signs of a dehydrated baby = listless, sleepy, very few/no wet diapers. You should not have to waken your baby for EVERY feed.

Refer to phone numbers in the back of the lavender Breast feeding booklet for assistance.